

Nat5 Scoring

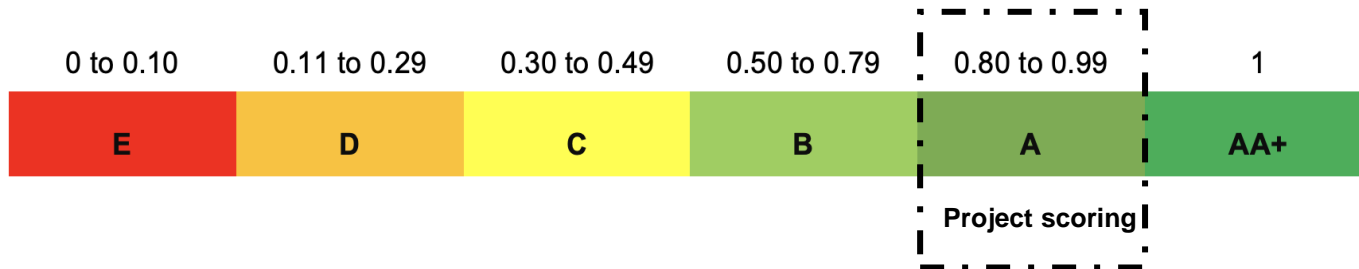
Key project	LT-007-SPA-072023 ALIA, CACERES - SPAIN
Title of the project activity	Ecological restoration in Alía, Cáceres (Spain)
Company	Stichting Life Terra (foundation)



Scope	Variable	Description	Level	Weighting
Types of credits	Credits	The ecological restoration project in Alia, Cáceres, Spain is applying to two types of credits: carbon removal VCC and biodiversity VBBC.	Multi-credit project	1.00
Climatic catastrophes	Forest fires	According to the forest fire map of the National Atlas, in the municipality of Alia there is a record of 500 forest fires in a period from 2001 to 2014: http://atlasnacional.ign.es/wane/Riesgos_ambientales#/media/File:Espana_Incendios-en-terminos-municipales_2001-2014_mapa_15971_spa.jpg	Low risk	0.75
	Floods	According to the monitoring map of areas with significant potential flood risk 2017 of the National Atlas, the region where the Alía project is located, is located in a potentially risky area: http://atlasnacional.ign.es/wane/Riesgos_ambientales#/media/File:Espana_Areas-con-Riesgo-Potencial-Significativo-de-Inundacion_2015_mapa_14899_spa.jpg	Very high risk	0.10
	Droughts	According to the 2017 drought monitoring map of the National Atlas, the region where the Alia project is located, is in a state of "Normal": http://atlasnacional.ign.es/wane/Riesgos_ambientales#/media/File:Espana_Seguimiento-de-la-sequia_2017_mapa_16105_spa.jpg	No risk	1.00
	Tornadoes and waterspouts	According to the 2017 tornado and waterspout map of the National Atlas, the region where the Alia project is located is not located in a risk zone: http://atlasnacional.ign.es/images/1/17/Espana_Tornados-y-trombas-marinhas_2003-2012_mapa_15974_spa.jpg	No risk	1.00
Climate change	Loss of ecological conditions necessary for the adaptability of reforested species.	Currently in the project area there is 87% of the ecological conditions necessary for the reforested species; in the 2050 scenario with climate change, the percentage of optimal conditions will reduce by 38.78%, which means that the reforested individuals will have to make a greater effort to ensure their adaptability (The table of results is presented in section III.2.1.3.5 of the baseline field report).	Medium	0.50
Legal, political and social conditions	Legal risk	The law that regulates the carbon market in Spain is Law 7/2021, of May 20, on climate change and energy transition. This law establishes a greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions trading system for industrial and commercial facilities operating in Spain.	Existence of a comprehensive national regulatory framework on VCM and climate action	1.00
	Political risk	The Spanish government has established a series of targets to reduce GHG emissions from facilities subject to the EU ETS. By 2030, GHG emissions from these facilities must be reduced by 43% compared to 2005 levels.	Positive outlook toward VCM and in favor of climate action as a national priority	1.00
	Social risk	The project identified and involved the main local stakeholders: landowner, society (through the local school) and the mayor. The results and processes of the social consultation can be found in the LSC format.	The project is aligned and has involved the community and key stakeholders through an agreement	1.00
Project Developer	Project developer's risk	The project developer: Stichting Life Terra, is a foundation created in 2019. According to its 2022 activity report, the organization has planted 1,578,961 trees in 13 different countries. The report can be accessed via the following link: https://www.datocms-assets.com/50353/1695717433-annual-report-2022_compressed.pdf	The project developer has generated similar projects (VCM) in the past and has successfully completed them	1.00
	Strength of the project team	Although the foundation was created 4 years ago (2019), the internal team has more than 7 years of experience in developing similar projects.	The internal team has a combined technical experience of less than 7 years and/or a combined commercial experience of less than 7 years	1.00

Transparency and communication	Transparency and clarity of project communication	The project developer has shared all non-confidential information in a timely manner as required by the aOCP. Providing photographic record of the reforestation event held with the local school and mayor; as well as the land use agreement signed with the landowner.	The developer has made all non-confidential project information public and easily accessible in appropriate formats and has adopted appropriate strategies and measures to maintain communication with different stakeholders	1.00
Participation and alliances	Involvement of the local community in the project team	The project was developed with Life Terra Foundation's in-house staff and local volunteers.	The project does not have local community members on the team	0.10
	Ability of the project to form partnerships	The project invited the local school and the mayor to take part in the reforestation activity.	The project has strong involvement with local/national government, business and other VCM stakeholders	1.00
Total				0.82

Nat5 Scoring Classification



Notes:

- The project score is "A" (0.82);
- The variables that lowered the project's score are mainly for vulnerability to climatic phenomena: fires, floods and climate change, as well as lack of local team members;
- In terms of social, political and legal conditions the project was evaluated with the highest score (1);
- In terms of developer experience, the project was evaluated with the highest score (1);
- In terms of transparency and communication, the project was evaluated with the highest score (1).

A detailed explanation of Nat5 Scoring can be found in the aOCP Procedures document version 2.0